



KS2 (Cycle 1) - Geography Medium Term Plan

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Term	Beyond the UK (Europe)	Mountains and Volcanoes	Climate Zones and Biomes
Curriculum Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe, concentrating on their key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography (mountains and volcanoes) Identify key topographical features. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn. Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography (climate zones and biomes)
Vocabulary to support Substantive and Disciplinary Knowledge	UK, Europe, country, continent, border, coast, climate, Greece, Spain, Italy, France, <i>Locate, sketch, measure, record, compare</i>	Earth, crust, mountains, volcanoes, earthquakes, tectonic plates, magma, magma chamber, pressure, lava, eruption, fault lines, relief, topography, contour <i>Identify, locate, explain</i>	Biome, region, landscape, climate, tundra, desert, rainforest, adaptation, biodiversity. Polar, temperate, arid, tropical. <i>Identify, locate, research, compare</i>
Lesson Objectives	To locate the UK on a map of Europe and name the countries which make up the UK. (re-cap) To use the eight points of a compass to locate the countries in Europe. To use digital mapping to locate Italy and explain how we could get there. To locate Italy's capital city and identify its physical features.	To identify the layers of the earth and know that the crust is made up of tectonic plates. To explain how mountains are formed. (tectonic plates) To identify mountainous regions using a topographical map. To label the features of a volcano. To explain how a volcano erupts.	To locate the Equator, Tropics and the Northern and Southern hemisphere. To understand the features of the four main climate zones. To locate climate zones on a map and describe its significance (in relation to equator and tropics)

	<p>To identify the human features of Rome. To understand the similarities and differences between a region of the United Kingdom (London) and a region in Europe (Rome).</p>	<p>To explain the location of volcanoes and mountains and the significance of this. (Ring of Fire)</p>	<p>To identify features of different biomes (temperature, rainfall, plant/ animals) To describe the features of a rainforest biome. To describe the features of polar or desert biome and compare it to the rainforest.</p>
--	--	--	---