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| Autumn 1 | Spring 1 | Summer 1 |
| HW To know the rules and principles for  keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them.  HW To know about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults, including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.  HW To know how to consider the effect of our online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.  HW To use ICT safely, including keeping electronic data secure.  LW To understand why rules are needed in different situations.  LW To recognise that rules may need to be changed.  LW To understand why it is important to plan ahead and think of potential consequences as a result of our actions.  LW To understand why it is important to behave responsibly.  recognise that actions have consequences. | HW To know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.  HW To know and understand the difference between the terms physical, emotional and mental.  HW To become more self-aware.  HW To understand why setting goals is important.  HW To know the importance of sufficient, good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn. | HW To understand that the rate at which we grow differs from person to person.  HW To know and understand how to look after our teeth.  understand what happens when we lose teeth as we grow up and why this HW happens.  HW To understand the importance of ‘First Aid’.  HW To know how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.  HW To know the importance of a paramedic. |
| Autumn 2 | Spring 2 | Summer 2 |
| R To know and understand the features of a good friend.  R To understand why it is important to be positive in relationships with others.  R To know how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.  R To know that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.  R To know and understand the features of a good friend.  understand why it is important to be positive in relationships with others.  R To know that most friendships have ups and downs and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.  R To know what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).  R To explore friendship by holding a friendship awards event called the BAFAs (Best at Friendship Awards) where individuals will be recognised for their excellent friendship skills and actions.  R To use the ideas from previous lessons to compile a list of categories for the awards e.g. most reliable, kindest, etc.  HW To know how to recognise and talk about our emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about our own and others’ feelings.  HW To know how to recognise and talk about our emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about our own and others’ feelings. | R To recognise that there are many ways to communicate.  R To understand the need to communicate clearly.  R To understand why it is important to listen to others.  LW To understand why it is important to be part of a community.  LW To understand why it is important to be part of a community. | HW To understand the meaning of the word ‘healthy’.  HW To know the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).  HW To know the recommended guidelines for physical activity and understand the reasons for these.  HW To know the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.  R To understand why it is important to listen to others.  R To understand why it is important to work collaboratively.  R To know how to identify ways to improve the environment.  know how to spot problems and find ways of dealing with them. |
| Autumn Safe Zone | Spring Safe Zone | Summer Safe Zone |
| To explain what is meant by the term ‘identity’.  To explain how I can represent myself in di­fferent ways online.  To explain ways in which and why I might change my identity depending on what I am doing online (e.g. gaming, using an avatar, social media).  To describe ways in which people who have similar likes and interests can get together online.  To give examples of technology-specifi­c forms of communication (e.g. emojis, acronyms, text speak).  To explain some risks of communicating online with others I don’t know very well.  To explain why I should be careful who I trust online and what information I can trust them with.  To explain how my, and other people’s, feelings can be hurt by what is said or written online.  To explain why someone may change their mind about trusting anyone with something if they feel nervous, uncomfortable, or worried.  To explain what it means to ‘know someone’ online and why this might be different from knowing someone in real life.  To explain what is meant by ‘trusting someone online.’ I can explain why this is different from ‘liking someone online’ and why it is important to be careful about who to trust online including what information and content they are trusted with.  To explain the importance of giving and gaining permission before sharing things online; how the principles of sharing online are the same as sharing online e.g. sharing images and videos. | To describe appropriate ways to behave towards other people online and why this is important.  To give examples of how bullying behaviour could appear online and how someone can get support.  To search for information about myself online.  To recognise that I need to be careful before I share anything about myself or others online.  To give examples of what anyone may or may not be willing to share about themselves online.  To know who I should ask if I am not sure if I should put something online.  To demonstrate how to use key phrases in search engines to gather accurate information online.  To explain what autocomplete is and how to choose the best suggestion.  To explain the difference between a ‘belief’, ‘an opinion’ and a ‘fact’ and can give examples of how and where they might be shared online, e.g. in videos, memes, posts, news stories etc.  To explain that not all opinions shared may be accepted as true or fair by others (e.g. monsters under the bed).  To describe how we can get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable, worried or frightened.  To explain why spending too much time using technology can sometimes have a negative impact on me; I can give some examples of activities where it is easy to spend a lot of time engaged (e.g. games, films, video).  To explain why some online activities have age restrictions, why it is important to follow them and know who I can talk to if others pressure me to watch or do something online that makes me feel uncomfortable (e.g. age restricted gaming or websites). | To give reasons why I should only share information with people I choose to and can trust.  To explain that if I am not sure or feel pressurised, I should ask a trusted adult.  To understand and can give reasons why passwords are important.  To describe simple strategies for creating and keeping passwords private.  To describe how connected devices can collect and share my information with others.  To explain why copying someone else’s work from the internet without permission can cause problems.  To give examples of what those problems might be. |

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| **Vocabulary** | | | | | |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| Engage with, Talk about, Explore, Ask questions, Recognise, Listen and respond, Find out about, Identify, Hear and respond, Listen to, Find out about | | | | | |
| community groups  ICT  health and safety  collaborate  common goals  responsibly  consequences | fairness  consideration  sympathise  empathise  influence  responsible choices  consequences | recognise  similarities  differences  strategies  relationship  physically  mentally  respect  goals  healthy lifestyle | cooperative  manage  control  local organisations  feelings relationship  balance  empathise  reflect  actions  emotions | strategies  risk  sensibly  impact  responsibly  awareness  changes  strategies  emergency  consideration | Negotiate  present  views  physical activity  nutrition  responsible choices  consequences  needs  wants  media  managing risk  contribute |
| **Safezone Vocabulary** | | | | | |
| Identity, avatar, social media, emojis, acronyms, text speak, trust, online, belief, opinion, bullying, technology, password. | | | | | |
| **I will learn…** | | | | | |
| To show awareness of issues affecting communities and groups.  To identify and understand why laws are made and how they are applied justly.  To reflect on the impact of people’s actions on others.  To know how to keep safe and how and where to get help.  To recognise and respond to issues of safety relating to myself and others and how to get help.  To use strategies to stay safe when using ICT and the internet.  How to behave safely and responsibly in different situations.  How to follow school rules about health and safety and know where to get help.  How to use ICT safely including keeping electronic data secure.  How to use ICT safely including using software features and settings.  To begin to make responsible choices and consider consequences.  To recognise the need to take responsibility for my actions.  To recognise right and wrong, what is fair and unfair and explain why.  How to self-assess, understanding how this will help my future actions.  How to work independently and in groups, taking on different roles and collaborating towards common goals.  How to take the lead, prioritise actions and work independently and collaboratively towards goals.  To reflect on own mistakes and make amends. | How to work co-operatively, showing fairness and consideration to others.  To talk about their views on issues that affect them and their class.  How to empathise with another viewpoint.  How to work co-operatively, showing fairness and consideration to others.  To talk about their views on issues that affect them and their class.  To form and maintain appropriate relationships with a range of different people.  To recognise how their behaviour and that of others may influence people both positively and negatively.  To listen to and show consideration for other people’s views.  To develop strategies for managing and controlling strong feelings and emotions.  To empathise with another viewpoint.  To know how to keep safe and how and where to get help.  To recognise and respond to issues of safety relating to themselves and others and how to get help.  To listen to, reflect on and respect other people’s views and feelings.  How to work and play independently and in groups, showing sensitivity to others.  How to manage risk in everyday activities.  To begin to make responsible choices and consider consequences. | To recognise and respect similarities and differences between people.  To recognise the benefits of regular exercise and understand the particular benefits of different physical activities for promoting health.  To self-assess, understanding how this will help their future actions.  How to develop strategies for managing and controlling strong feelings and emotions.  To explore the relationship and balance between physical activity and nutrition in achieving a physically and mentally healthy lifestyle.  To begin to make informed lifestyle choices.  To begin to make informed lifestyle choices.  How to listen to, reflect on and respect other people’s views and feelings.  How to set goals, prioritise and manage time and resources, understanding how this will help their future actions.  To begin to make responsible choices and consider consequences. | How to work co-operatively, showing fairness and consideration to others.  To face new challenges positively and know when to seek help.  How to talk about their views on issues that affect them and their class.  How to empathise with another viewpoint.  To show awareness of issues affecting communities and groups.  To recognise the importance of local organisations in providing for the needs of the local community.  To reflect on how people can take actions, make a positive contribution and have a say in what happens, both locally and nationally.  How to work independently and in groups, taking on different roles and collaborating towards common goals.  To recognise how new relationships may develop | To recognise and respect similarities and differences between people.  To listen to and show consideration for other people’s views.  To show awareness of changes that take place as they grow.  How to recognise the importance of local organisations in providing for the needs of the local community.  How to make decisions, giving consideration to the impact they may have on others.  How to recognise and manage risk in everyday activities.  To take responsibility for their own safety and the safety of others and be able to seek help in an emergency.  To extend strategies to cope with risky situations.  To behave safely and responsibly in different situations. | How to negotiate and present my own views.  To explore the relationship and balance between physical activity and nutrition in achieving a physically and mentally healthy lifestyle.  To begin to make informed lifestyle choices.  To recognise the benefits of regular exercise and understand the particular benefits of different physical activities for promoting health.  To begin to make responsible choices and consider consequences.  To identify the difference between needs and wants.  To recognise the factors influencing opinion and choice, including the media.  How to work co-operatively, showing fairness and consideration to others.  To reflect on their own mistakes and make amends.  How to take the lead, prioritise actions and work independently and collaboratively towards goals.  How to respond to challenges, including recognising, taking and managing risk.  How to empathise with another viewpoint.  To suggest how they can contribute to a range of activities that help them to become more enterprising. |
| **Sticky knowledge** | | | | | |
| We can stay safe online by following the E-safety policy when in school and, when at home, only go on sites that we trust and do not chat to anyone who we do not know.  It is important to follow internet safety rules to keep yourself and others safe.  We must be careful about sharing our name, date of birth and/or address on line.  You can get help and support about internet concerns from a trusted adult.  The positives of being responsible for a class are that it is nice to be in control and see pupils progress; the negatives are the hard work of preparing and managing the class.  We have rules so that we do not have anarchy.  The three main ways that we learn are by watching, listening and doing.  The challenges of planning ahead are anticipating what might happen and timing appropriately.  Pupils need to behave well and have a positive attitude to learn successfully. | A ‘good friend’ will be trustworthy, reliable and kind.  Having good friends makes life so much better because they are a positive influence in your life.  You can show friendship to the people you meet by talking to them, smiling and offering help.  The positive outcome of this is that you could gain a new friend.  Being a good friend is an achievement because it is something you can work towards and put effort in.  ‘Empathise’ means being able to understand and share someone else’s feelings.  Empathising benefits others because it makes them feel supported.  Stay with others in your group when you are on trips to avoid getting lost.  If you think you may be lost you should find a trusted adult or phone someone you know can help you. | Physical health is about the body and mental health is about the mind.  Physical, emotional and mental health are all equally important as they all work together to keep us healthy and happy.  Goal setting is important because you can gain motivation from having something to aim towards.  This will help you to achieve more in the future.  Sleep is important for good physical and mental health.  We should get 10-11 hours sleep per night. | Good, clear communication is important to avoid unnecessary conflict and to make needs clear.  A good listener is someone who stops talking and shows empathy.  The beneﬁts of being a part of a community are that it gives a sense of belonging, shared goals and identity. | Puberty is the age between childhood and adult.  It is when our bodies change as we become adults.  During this time, children’s height and body shapes are changing. For girls, breast grow, they develop under arm and pubic hair and they start their periods. For boys, their voices deepen, and they grow pubic, under arm and facial hair. Both boys and girls will experience mood swings.  We lose our ﬁrst set of teeth so that we can get a new set to fit our larger face, because the rest of our head has grown; these larger teeth need to last us for the rest of our lives.  We can look after our teeth by visiting the dentist regularly, flossing, using mouthwash, brushing regularly and eating healthily.  ‘First Aid’ is emergency medical help.  In an emergency, call 999; this gives you access to Ambulance, Police and Fire Brigade services.  When making an emergency phone call, you need to have the address of where you need help and details about what’s wrong.  A paramedic will provide emergency on-scene medical assistance. | We can keep ourselves healthy physically by exercising, emotionally by doing things we enjoy (e.g. spending time with friends and family) and mentally by thinking positively and setting goals.  When we are exercising, our heart rate increases, our breathing rate increases and we sweat.  The health beneﬁts of regular exercise are that we get less illness and gain less weight.  A need is more important than a want because it is required for us to stay healthy.  Other than exercise, we also need to sleep well, eat sensibly, maintain good hygiene and keep safe to stay healthy.  Good communication and collaboration are important for good working relationships.  It is not always good to work with our closest friends; you do not always achieve as much as you could because you are spending too much time off task.  Collaboration means working well with others towards a goal.  When working with others, you may get distracted, sit back and not join in which can result in conflict.  Collaboration works best when everyone respects each other and takes responsibility in working to achieve the end goal. |